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**Part IV—Section 1**  
**Tamil Nadu Bills**

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**BILLS INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF THE  
STATE OF TAMIL NADU**

Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 8 of 2022**

**A Bill to extend the provisions of the Chennai City Police Act, 1888 to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Chennai City Police (Extension to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram) Act, 2022.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of January 2022.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(1) “city of Avadi” means the local area comprising the limits of the police stations specified in Schedule I;

(2) “city of Tambaram” means the local area comprising the limits of the police stations specified in Schedule II;

(3) “City Police Act” means the Chennai City Police Act, 1888; Tamil Nadu Act III of 1888.

(4) “date of publication of this Act” means the date of publication of the Chennai City Police (Extension to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram) Act, 2022 in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette*;

(5) “Government” means the Government of Tamil Nadu;

(6) “law in force” includes any enactment, Act, regulation, order, by-law, rule, scheme or notification in force in the whole or in any part of the State or any instrument having the force of law in the whole or in any part of the State;

(7) “Schedule” means a Schedule appended to this Act;

(8) “State” means the State of Tamil Nadu.

3. (1) With effect on and from the date of publication of this Act, the City Police Act as in force immediately before the date of publication of this Act, shall stand extended to, and shall be in force, in the cities of Avadi and Tambaram. Extension of Tamil Nadu Act III of 1888.

(2) In the City Police Act, as extended to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram,—

(a) any reference to the city of Chennai (other than the reference in section 3) shall, by reason of this Act, be construed as a reference to the city of Avadi or the city of Tambaram, as the case may be;

(b) any reference to the Commissioner of Police for Chennai shall, by reason of this Act, be construed as a reference to the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram, as the case may be.

4. (1) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 7 of the City Police Act, the Government may, by notification, and subject to such conditions and limitation as may be specified therein, empower,—

Power of Government to authorize Commissioner of Police and certain other police officers in cities of Avadi and Tambaram to exercise powers of District Magistrates and Executive Magistrates under Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

(a) the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram, to exercise and perform in relation to the city of Avadi or the city of Tambaram, as the case may be, the powers and duties of an Executive Magistrate and of a District Magistrate under such of the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (hereinafter in this section referred to as the said Code) or of any other law in force relating to matters with respect to which the State Legislature has power to make laws for the State, as may be specified in the notification;

Central Act 2 of 1974.

(b) any officer subordinate to the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram (not being an officer below the rank of an Assistant Commissioner of Police) to exercise and perform in relation to the city of Avadi or the city of Tambaram, as the case may be, the powers and duties of an Executive Magistrate under such of the provisions of the said Code or of any other law in force relating to matters with respect to which the State Legislature has power to make laws for the State, as may be specified in the notification.

(2) Every officer subordinate to the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram, shall, in the exercise and performance of any powers and duties, which he is empowered to exercise or perform functions under sub-section (1), be subject to the general control of the respective Commissioner of Police in the same manner and to the same extent as an Executive Magistrate appointed under section 20 of the said Code would be subject to the general control of the District Magistrate appointed under that section.

(3) The Commissioner of Police for Avadi of the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram, or any officer subordinate to such Commissioner, shall not be subject, in the exercise and performance of any powers and duties which he is empowered to exercise and perform under sub-section (1), to the general control of the District Magistrate appointed under section 20 of the said Code.

Police force functioning in cities of Avadi and Tambaram immediately before date of publication of this Act to be deemed to be police force constituted under City Police Act as extended.

5. (1) The police force functioning in the city of Avadi and in the city of Tambaram, immediately before the date of publication of this Act (hereinafter in this section referred to as the existing police force) shall, on the date of publication of this Act, be deemed to be the police force constituted for the city of Avadi or the city of Tambaram, as the case may be, under the City Police Act as extended, by this Act and every member of the existing police force holding office immediately before the date of publication of this Act shall be deemed to be appointed on such date of publication, as members of the police force for the city of Avadi or the city of Tambaram, as the case may be.

(2) All proceedings (including proceedings by way of investigations) pending before any police officer of the existing police force immediately before the date of publication of this Act, shall on the date of publication of this Act, be deemed to be proceedings pending before him in his capacity as the holder of the office to which he is deemed to be appointed under sub-section (1) and shall be dealt with accordingly.

(3) Where any power or function which may be exercised or discharged under any law by a District Magistrate or an Executive Magistrate immediately before the date of publication of this Act has been conferred on the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram or any other police officer by or under the City Police Act as extended, all proceedings in relation to, or arising from, the exercise of such power or the discharge of such function pending immediately before such conferment before the District Magistrate or Executive Magistrate, as the case may be, shall on the conferment of such power or function on the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram or other police officer, stand transferred to the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram, or other police officer, as the case may be, and the officer to whom such proceedings stand so transferred shall either proceed de novo or from the stage of such transfer.

Control of Director General of Police over Commissioner of Police for Avadi and Tambaram.

6. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the City Police Act as extended, the Commissioner of Police for Avadi and the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram shall, in exercise of their functions under the City Police Act as extended, be under the control and direction of the Director-General of Police for the State, subject to any rules that may be made under sub-section (2).

(2) It shall be competent to the Government to make rules to limit and regulate the exercise of the powers of control and direction conferred on the Director-General of Police by sub-section (1) in respect of the Commissioner of Police for Avadi and the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram.

(3) Nothing in this section shall apply in relation to the powers and functions which may be exercised or discharged by the Commissioner of Police for Avadi or the Commissioner of Police for Tambaram, as the case may be, under any law as a District Magistrate or an Executive Magistrate.

7. (1) Any reference in the City Police Act as extended by this Act to a law which is not in force in the cities of Avadi or Tambaram, on the date of publication of this Act shall, in relation to those cities, be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in the said cities.

Construction of reference to laws not in force in cities of Avadi and Tambaram.

Central Act  
XXIV of 1859.

(2) Any reference to the Tamil Nadu District Police Act, 1859 in any law in force in the cities of Avadi and Tambaram shall, in relation to those cities, be construed, on and after the date of publication of this Act, as reference to the City Police Act.

Central Act  
XXIV of 1859.

8. If, immediately before the date of publication of this Act, there is any law in force in the cities of Avadi or Tambaram including the Tamil Nadu District Police Act, 1859 (hereinafter in this section referred to as the Central Act) and the provisions of the City Police Act specified in the Schedule to the Central Act and extended by way of notification under section 54-A of the Central Act corresponding to the City Police Act, such corresponding law shall, on the date of publication of this Act, stand repealed in relation to the cities of Avadi or Tambaram, as the case may be, to the extent to which the corresponding law relates to matters with respect to which the State Legislature has power to make laws for the State.

Repeal of corresponding law.

9. (1) The repeal by section 8 of any corresponding law shall not affect—

Savings.

(a) the previous operation of any such law or anything done or duly suffered thereunder; or

(b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any such law; or

(c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any such law; or

(d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if the City Police Act had not been extended.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), anything done or any action taken, including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instruction or direction issued, rule, regulation, form, by-law or scheme framed, certificate, permit or licence granted or registration effected under such corresponding law, in relation to the cities of Avadi or Tambaram, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the City Police Act and shall continue in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the said City Police Act as extended.

Construction of reference to authorities where new authorities have been constituted.	10. Any reference by whatever form or words in any law in force to any authority competent on the date immediately preceding the date of publication of this Act, to exercise any power or discharge any function in the cities of Avadi or Tambaram, shall, where a corresponding new authority has been constituted by or under the City Police Act as extended or under this Act to the said cities, have effect as if it were a reference to that new authority.	
Powers of courts and other authorities for purposes of facilitating application of City Police Act.	11. For the purpose of facilitating the application, in the city of Avadi and in the city of Tambaram, of the City Police Act as extended, any court or other authority may construe the said Act with such alteration not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the court or other authority.	
Power to remove difficulties.	12. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of the City Police Act as extended by this Act, to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram, the Government may, as occasion may require, by order, do anything which appear to them to be necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty:  Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of two years from the date of the commencement of this Act.	
Power to amend Schedules.	13. The Government may, by notification, amend the Schedules, so as to include or exclude any police station.	
Power to make rules.	14. (1) The Government may make rules for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Act.  (2) All rules made or notification issued under this Act shall be published in the <i>Tamil Nadu Government Gazette</i> , and unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.  (3) Every rule made or notification or order issued under this Act shall, as soon as possible after it is made or issued, be placed on the table of the Legislative Assembly, and if before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, the Legislative Assembly agrees that the rule or notification or order should not be made or issued, the rule or notification or order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or notification or order.	
Repeal and saving.	15. (1) The Chennai City Police (Extension to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram) Ordinance, 2021 is hereby repealed.  (2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken or any direction given under the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken or given under this Act.	Tamil Nadu Ordinance 1 of 2022.

**SCHEDULE - I****City of Avadi**

[See section 2(1)]

Sl. No.	Police Stations.
1.	Ambattur
2.	Ambattur Estate
3.	Avadi
4.	Ennore
5.	Kattur
6.	Korattur
7.	Manali
8.	Manali Pudunagar
9.	Mangadu
10.	Minjur
11.	M.M Colony
12.	Muthapudhupet
13.	Nazarethpet
14.	Pattabiram
15.	Poonamalle
16.	Redhills
17.	Sathangadu
18.	Sevvapet
19.	Sholavaram
20.	SRMC
21.	Tank Factory
22.	Thirumullaivoil
23.	Thirunindravur
24.	Thiruverkadu
25.	Vellavedu

**SCHEDULE – II****City of Tambaram**

[See section 2(2)]

Sl. No.	Police Stations.
1.	Chrompet
2.	Chitlapakkam
3.	Guduvanchery
4.	Kannagi Nagar
5.	Kanathur
6.	Kelambakkam
7.	Kundrathur
8.	Maraimalai Nagar
9.	Manimangalam
10.	Otteri
11.	Pallavaram
12.	Pallikaranai
13.	Peerkankaranai
14.	Perumbakkam
15.	Selaiyur
16.	Semmanchery
17.	Shankar Nagar
18.	Somangalam
19.	Tambaram
20.	Thazhambur



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**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS**

While Moving Demand No.22 for Police department, for the year 2021-2022, the Hon'ble Chief Minister announced on the floor of the Legislative Assembly that for better administration and to improve the quality of policing, the Chennai City Police Commissionerate would be trifurcated and new Commissionerates constituted at Avadi and Tambaram, by including certain police stations from the neighbouring districts. To give effect to the above said announcement, the Government have decided to enact a law to trifurcate the existing Chennai City Police Commissionerate and to create new Commissionerates at Avadi and Tambaram, by extending the provisions of the Chennai City Police Act, 1888 (Tamil Nadu Act III of 1888) to those areas.

2. In order to give effect to the above decision, the Chennai City Police (Extension to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram) Ordinance, 2021 (Tamil Nadu Ordinance 1 of 2022) was promulgated by the Governor on the 30<sup>th</sup> December 2021 and the same was published in the *Tamil Nadu Gazette Extraordinary*, dated the 1<sup>st</sup> January 2022.

3. The Bill seeks to replace the said Ordinance.

**M.K.STALIN**  
*Chief Minister*

**STATEMENT UNDER RULE 168 OF THE TAMIL NADU LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY RULES  
EXPLAINING THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH NECESSITATED THE PROMUGATION OF THE  
CHENNAI CITY POLICE (EXTENSION TO THE CITIES OF AVADI AND TAMBARAM) ORDINANCE,  
2021  
(TAMIL NADU ORDINANCE 1 OF 2022)**

While moving Demand No.22 for Police department, for the year 2021-2022, the Hon'ble Chief Minister announced on the floor of the Legislative Assembly that for better administration and to improve the quality of policing, the Chennai City Police Commissionerate would be trifurcated and new Commissionerates constituted at Avadi and Tambaram, by including certain police stations from the neighbouring districts. To give effect to the above said announcement, the Government decided to enact a law to trifurcate the existing Chennai City Police Commissionerate and to create new Commissionerates at Avadi and Tambaram, by extending the provisions of the Chennai City Police Act, 1888 (Tamil Nadu Act III of 1888) to those areas.

2. As the Legislative Assembly was not in session at that time, it became necessary to promulgate an Ordinance to give effect to the above decision. Accordingly, the Chennai City Police (Extension to the cities of Avadi and Tambaram) Ordinance, 2021 (Tamil Nadu Ordinance 1 of 2022) was promulgated by the Governor on the 30<sup>th</sup> December 2021 and the same was published in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette Extraordinary*, dated the 1<sup>st</sup> January 2022.

**M.K.STALIN**  
*Chief Minister*

**MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION**

Clauses 4 (1), 6 (2), 12, 13 and 14 of the Bill empower the Government to make rules or to issue orders or Notification as the case may be under the proposed Act.

2. The powers delegated are normal and not of an exceptional character.

**M.K.STALIN**

*Chief Minister*

**FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM**

The Bill when enacted and brought into operation would involve expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of the State. It is not possible at this stage to estimate with any degree of accuracy the expenditure to be incurred from the Consolidated Fund of the State as a result of the proposed legislation.

**M.K. STALIN,**  
*Chief Minister*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

K. SRINIVASAN,  
*Secretary.*

Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 9 of 2022**

**A Bill further to amend the laws relating to the Municipal Corporations and Municipalities in the State of Tamil Nadu.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

**PART – I.**

**PRELIMINARY.**

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Municipal Laws (Amendment) Act, 2022. Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 20th day of December 2021.

**PART – II.**

**AMENDMENT TO THE CHENNAI CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 1919.**

Tamil Nadu Act IV of 1919.

2. In section 414-B of the Chennai City Municipal Corporation Act, 1919, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted. Amendment of section 414-B.

**PART – III.**

**AMENDMENT TO THE TAMIL NADU DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES ACT, 1920.**

Tamil Nadu Act V of 1920.

3. In section 375-B of the Tamil Nadu District Municipalities Act, 1920, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted. Amendment of section 375-B.

**PART – IV.**

**AMENDMENT TO THE MADURAI CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 1971.**

Tamil Nadu Act 15 of 1971.

4. In section 510-AAA of the Madurai City Municipal Corporation Act, 1971, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted. Amendment of section 510-AAA.

**PART – V.**

**AMENDMENT TO THE COIMBATORE CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 1981.**

Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 1981.

5. In section 511-AAA of the Coimbatore City Municipal Corporation Act, 1981, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted. Amendment of section 511-AAA.

**PART – VI.**

**AMENDMENT TO THE TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 1994.**

Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 1994.

6. In section 10-A of the Tiruchirappalli City Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted. Amendment of section 10-A.

**PART – VII.****AMENDMENT TO THE TIRUNELVELI CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 1994.**

Amendment of section 10-A.	7. In section 10-A of the Tirunelveli City Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 28 of 1994.
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**PART – VIII.****AMENDMENT TO THE SALEM CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 1994.**

Amendment of section 10-A.	8. In section 10-A of the Salem City Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 29 of 1994.
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**PART – IX.****AMENDMENT TO THE TIRUPPUR CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2008.**

Amendment of section 9-A.	9. In section 9-A of the Tiruppur City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 7 of 2008.
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**PART – X.****AMENDMENT TO THE ERODE CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2008.**

Amendment of section 9-A.	10. In section 9-A of the Erode City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 8 of 2008.
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**PART – XI.****AMENDMENT TO THE VELLORE CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2008.**

Amendment of section 9-A.	11. In section 9-A of the Vellore City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 26 of 2008.
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**PART – XII.****AMENDMENT TO THE THOOTHUKUDI CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2008.**

Amendment of section 9-A.	12. In section 9-A of the Thoothukudi City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 2008.
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**PART – XIII.****AMENDMENT TO THE THANJAVUR CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2013.**

Amendment of section 9-A.	13. In section 9-A of the Thanjavur City Municipal Corporation Act, 2013, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Tamil Nadu Act 24 of 2013.
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**PART – XIV.****AMENDMENT TO THE DINDIGUL CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2013.**

Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 2013.	14. In section 9-A of the Dindigul City Municipal Corporation Act, 2013, for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Amendment of section 9-A.
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**PART – XV.****AMENDMENT TO THE HOSUR CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2019.**

Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 2019.	15. In section 10 of the Hosur City Municipal Corporation Act, 2019, in sub-section (4), for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Amendment of section 10.
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**PART – XVI.****AMENDMENT TO THE NAGERCOIL CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2019.**

Tamil Nadu Act 11 of 2019.	16. In section 10 of the Nagercoil City Municipal Corporation Act, 2019, in sub-section (4), for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Amendment of section 10.
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**PART – XVII.****AMENDMENT TO THE AVADI CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT, 2019.**

Tamil Nadu Act 24 of 2019.	17. In section 10 of the Avadi City Municipal Corporation Act, 2019, in sub-section (4), for the expression “upto the 31st day of December 2021”, the expression “upto the 30th day of June 2022” shall be substituted.	Amendment of section 10.
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Tamil Nadu Ordinance 8 of 2021.	18. (1) the Tamil Nadu Municipal Laws (Third Amendment) Ordinance, 2021 is hereby repealed.	Repeal and saving.
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(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Chennai City Municipal Corporation Act, 1919, the Tamil Nadu District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Madurai City Municipal Corporation Act, 1971, the Coimbatore City Municipal Corporation Act, 1981, the Tiruchirappalli City Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, the Tirunelveli City Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, the Salem City Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, the Tiruppur City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, the Erode City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, the Vellore City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, the Thoothukudi City Municipal Corporation Act, 2008, the Thanjavur City Municipal Corporation Act, 2013, the Dindigul City Municipal Corporation Act, 2013, the Hosur City Municipal Corporation Act, 2019, the Nagercoil City Municipal Corporation Act, 2019 and the Avadi City Municipal Corporation Act, 2019 as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the respective Acts and Ordinance, as amended by this Act.

Tamil Nadu Act IV of 1919.  
Tamil Nadu Act V of 1920.  
Tamil Nadu Act 15 of 1971.  
Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 1981.  
Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 1994.  
Tamil Nadu Act 28 of 1994.  
Tamil Nadu Act 29 of 1994.  
Tamil Nadu Act 7 of 2008.  
Tamil Nadu Act 8 of 2008.  
Tamil Nadu Act 26 of 2008.  
Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 2008.  
Tamil Nadu Act 24 of 2013.  
Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 2013.  
Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 2019.  
Tamil Nadu Act 11 of 2019.  
Tamil Nadu Act 24 of 2019.



**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.**

The Special Officers to the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and Municipal Corporations were appointed in pursuance of the orders of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras in W.P.No.33984 of 2016, dated the 4th October 2016. The term of office of the said Special Officers of the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and Municipal Corporations was extended from time to time and lastly upto the 31st December 2021.

2. Following the direction of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in I.A. No. 182868 of 2019 in Civil Appeal Nos. 5467-5469 of 2017, dated the 6th December 2019 read with Writ Petition (Civil) No. 1443 of 2019, dated the 11th December 2019, the delimitation of territorial wards of all Urban Local Bodies in the nine newly reconstituted districts of Kancheepuram, Chengalpattu, Vellore, Tirupathur, Ranipet, Villupuram, Kallakurichi, Tirunelveli and Tenkasi have been notified on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd November 2021. Further, the reservation of seats in the said Urban Local Bodies for the persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and Women belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and Women (General) have also been notified on the 7th, 8th and 9th December 2021 based on the recommendation of the Delimitation Commission.

3. Further, based on the announcement of the Hon'ble Minister for Municipal Administration during the demand for grant of Municipal Administration and Water Supply Department for the year 2021-2022, on the floor of the Legislative Assembly, six Municipalities namely, the Municipalities of Cuddalore, Kancheepuram, Sivakasi, Karur, Tambaram and Kumbakonam have been upgraded as City Municipal Corporations and 28 Town Panchayats were upgraded as Municipalities. The delimitation of wards and reservation process for the above newly constituted Corporations and Municipalities have to be undertaken. Thereafter, reservation for the offices of the said Urban Local Bodies will have to be notified.

4. Further, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in its order dated 27.09.2021 in M.A.No.1404/2021 in M.A.No.2120/2021 in W.P.(C)No.1443/2019, granted four months time from the date of its order to hold ordinary elections to Urban Local Bodies in the State.

5. In pursuance of the said order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, the Tamil Nadu State Election Commission initiated swift action for the process of conduct of ordinary elections to the 17 City Municipal Corporations, 110 Municipalities and 489 Town Panchayats. The process of pre-election activities viz., preparation of ward-wise Local Body Electoral Rolls based on the current Assembly Electoral Rolls, identification of polling stations, training for handling Electronic Voting Machines to all related officials, first level checking of Electronic Voting Machines, etc., is being carried out by the said Commission.

6. In the circumstances stated above, as the term of office of the Special Officers was due to expire on the 31st December 2021, the Government decided to amend the laws relating to the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and City Municipal Corporations, so as to extend the term of office of the Special Officers for a further period of six months upto the 30th June 2022 or until the first meeting of the council is held after the next ordinary elections to the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and City Municipal Corporations, whichever is earlier.

7. As the Legislative Assembly of the State was not in session at that time, it became necessary to promulgate an Ordinance to give effect to the above decision. Accordingly, the Tamil Nadu Municipal Laws (Third Amendment) Ordinance, 2021 (Tamil Nadu Ordinance 8 of 2021) was promulgated by the Hon'ble Governor on the 20th December 2021 and the same was published in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette*, Extraordinary, on the same date.

8. The Bill seeks to replace the said Ordinance.

**K.N.NEHRU,**  
*Minister for Municipal Administration.*

**STATEMENT UNDER RULE 168 OF THE TAMIL NADU LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY RULES EXPLAINING THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH NECESSITATED THE PROMULGATION OF THE TAMIL NADU MUNICIPAL LAWS (THIRD AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2021 (TAMIL NADU ORDINANCE 8 OF 2021).**

The Special Officers to the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and Municipal Corporations were appointed in pursuance of the orders of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras in W.P.No.33984 of 2016, dated the 4th October 2016. The term of office of the said Special Officers of the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and Municipal Corporations was extended from time to time and lastly upto the 31st December 2021.

2. Following the direction of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in I.A. No. 182868 of 2019 in Civil Appeal Nos. 5467-5469 of 2017, dated the 6th December 2019 read with Writ Petition (Civil) No. 1443 of 2019, dated the 11th December 2019, the delimitation of territorial wards of all Urban Local Bodies in the nine newly reconstituted districts of Kancheepuram, Chengalpattu, Vellore, Tirupathur, Ranipet, Villupuram, Kallakurichi, Tirunelveli and Tenkasi have been notified on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd November 2021. Further, the reservation of seats in the said Urban Local Bodies for the persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and Women belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and Women (General) have also been notified on the 7th, 8th and 9th December 2021 based on the recommendation of the Delimitation Commission.

3. Further, based on the announcement of the Hon'ble Minister for Municipal Administration during the demand for grant of Municipal Administration and Water Supply Department for the year 2021-2022, on the floor of the Legislative Assembly, six Municipalities namely, the Municipalities of Cuddalore, Kancheepuram, Sivakasi, Karur, Tambaram and Kumbakonam have been upgraded as City Municipal Corporations and 28 Town Panchayats were upgraded as Municipalities. The delimitation of wards and reservation process for the above newly constituted Corporations and Municipalities have to be undertaken. Thereafter, reservation for the offices of the said Urban Local Bodies will have to be notified.

4. Further, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in its order dated 27.09.2021 in M.A.No.1404/2021 in M.A.No.2120/2021 in W.P.(C)No.1443/2019, granted four months time from the date of its order to hold ordinary elections to Urban Local Bodies in the State.

5. In pursuance of the said order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, the Tamil Nadu State Election Commission initiated swift action for the process of conduct of ordinary elections to the 17 City Municipal Corporations, 110 Municipalities and 489 Town Panchayats. The process of pre-election activities viz., preparation of ward-wise Local Body Electoral Rolls based on the current Assembly Electoral Rolls, identification of polling stations, training for handling Electronic Voting Machines to all related officials, first level checking of Electronic Voting Machines, etc., is being carried out by the said Commission.

6. In the circumstances stated above, as the term of office of the Special Officers was due to expire on the 31st December 2021, the Government decided to amend the laws relating to the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and City Municipal Corporations, so as to extend the term of office of the Special Officers for a further period of six months upto the 30th June 2022 or until the first meeting of the council is held after the next ordinary elections to the Town Panchayats, Municipalities and City Municipal Corporations, whichever is earlier.

7. As the Legislative Assembly of the State was not in session at that time, it became necessary to promulgate an Ordinance to give effect to the above decision. Accordingly, the Tamil Nadu Municipal Laws (Third Amendment) Ordinance, 2021 (Tamil Nadu Ordinance 8 of 2021) was promulgated by the Hon'ble Governor on the 20th December 2021 and the same was published in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette*, Extraordinary, on the same date.

**K.N.NEHRU,**  
*Minister for Municipal Administration.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

K. SRINIVASAN,  
*Secretary.*

Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 10 of 2022**

**A Bill further to amend the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Act, 2022. Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

Tamil Nadu  
Act 30 of 1983.

2. In section 34 of the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983, in sub-section (1), the following proviso shall be added to clause (i), namely:— Amendment of section 34.

"Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to any person who is visually impaired or unable to write due to any physical disability."

**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.**

As per clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 34 of the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 (Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1983), no person who does not know to read and write Tamil or English or such other language as the Government may notify in this behalf in relation to any particular area, shall be eligible for being elected or nominated as a member of a board of any registered Co-operative Society. By virtue of this provision, during the election to Co-operative Societies in the year 2013, the nominations filed by visually impaired persons were rejected by the Election Officers. The Government have therefore, decided to amend the said Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1983 suitably, so as to make the visually impaired persons and those unable to write due to any physical disability, eligible for being elected or nominated as a member of a board of any registered Co-operative Society.

2. The Bill seeks to give effect to the above decision.

**I. PERIYASAMY,**  
*Minister for Co-operation.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

**K. SRINIVASAN,**  
*Secretary.*

Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 11 of 2022**

***A Bill further to amend the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983.***

WHEREAS, the Parliament had enacted the Constitution (Ninety-seventh Amendment) Act, 2011 by which Article 43B and Part IXB were inserted in the Constitution and it came into force on the 15th day of February 2012;

AND WHEREAS in order to bring the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 (Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1983) in line with the provisions of the Constitution, amendments were made to certain sections of that Act, by the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Act, 2013 (Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 2013);

AND WHEREAS in 2013, the Hon'ble High Court of Gujarat had declared that Part IXB of the Constitution inserted by the Constitution (Ninety-seventh Amendment) Act, 2011 as *ultra-vires* the Constitution for want of ratification by the State Legislatures, as required under the proviso to Article 368 (2) of the Constitution;

AND WHEREAS in Union of India Vs Rajendra N Shah and another (2021(8) SCALE 332), the Hon'ble Supreme Court upheld the judgement of the Hon'ble Gujarat High Court except to the extent that it strikes down the entirety of Part IXB of the Constitution and declared Part IXB of the Constitution is operative only insofar as it concerns Multi-State co-operative societies both within the various States and in the Union territories of India;

AND WHEREAS the Government also considers that, it is expedient to do away with many of the amendments made to the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 pursuant to the Constitution (Ninety-seventh Amendment) Act, 2011, as these amendments have only impeded the growth of the co-operative societies in the State;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Government have decided to amend the said Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1983 for the purpose.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment) Act, 2022.

Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

Amendment of Section 2.	<p>2. In section 2 of the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act),—</p> <p>(1) in clause (5), the expression “State level” shall be omitted;</p> <p>(2) for clause (18), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—</p> <p>“(18) “office bearer” means a president or a vice-president of the board;”</p>	Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1983.
Amendment of section 13.	<p>3. In section 13 of the principal Act,—</p> <p>(1) in sub-section (1), in clause (d), in sub-clause (ii), for the expression “six months”, the expression “one year” shall be substituted;</p> <p>(2) in sub-section (2), in clause (d), in sub-clause (ii), for the expression “six months”, the expression “one year” shall be substituted.</p>	
Omission of section 20-A.	<p>4. Section 20-A of the principal Act shall be omitted.</p>	
Amendment of section 23.	<p>5. In section 23 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), clauses (h) and (i) shall be omitted.</p>	
Amendment of section 26.	<p>6. In section 26 of the principal Act, for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—</p> <p>“(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the nominee of the Government or of the Registrar or of the prescribed authority, if he is a Government servant, or the nominee of the financing bank or of the board of another registered society or of other interests (such as the Tamil Nadu State Agriculture Marketing Board), as the case may be, or the <i>ex-officio</i> member of the board shall not be entitled to vote at elections.”.</p>	
Amendment of section 27.	<p>7. In section 27 of the principal Act, the expression “and shall have access to the books, information and” shall be omitted.</p>	
Amendment of section 32.	<p>8. In section 32 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), for the expression “shall be held within a period of six months from the close of the financial year”, the expression “shall be held in a co-operative year” shall be substituted.</p>	
Amendment of section 33.	<p>9. In section 33 of the principal Act,—</p> <p>(1) in sub-section (1), after clause (a), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—</p>	

“(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (a), where the rules or the by-laws so provide, the Government or the Registrar may nominate all or any of the members of the board including the president and vice-president from among the members of the registered society or from among the Government servants or both:

Provided that no nomination shall be made in respect of all the members of the board for more than three years from the date of nomination.”;

(2) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(3) The board shall consist of—

(a) in the case of an apex society, not less than eleven and not more than twenty nine members as may be specified in the rules or bye-laws;

(b) in the case of a central society, not less than eleven and not more than twenty seven members, as may be specified in the rules or bye-laws; and

(c) in the case of a primary society, not less than seven and not more than seventeen members as may be specified in the rules or bye-laws.”;

(3) after sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(5) The Registrar may, by order, depute one or more officers subordinate to him to attend any meeting of a board and to take part in the proceedings of the board, but such officer or officers shall not have the right to vote.”;

(4) in sub-section (7), for the expression, “managing director or chief executive officer” in three places where it occurs, the expression “managing director” shall be substituted;

(5) in sub-section (8),—

(i) for the expression “functional director”, the expression “member” shall be substituted;

(ii) for the expression “functional directors” in two places where it occurs, the expression “members” shall be substituted;

(6) for sub-section (9), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(9) Every *ex-officio* member referred to in sub-section (2) and every Government servant nominated to a board of a registered society under clause (b) of sub-section (1) or under sub-section (8) shall refer to the Government in the case of an apex society, and to the Registrar in the case of any other registered society, any resolution of the board of such apex society or other registered society, as the case may be, which is not in accordance with this Act, the rules and the bye-laws or which is against the interests of such apex society or such other registered society, as the case may be.”;

(7) in sub-section (10),—

(i) in clause (a), for the expression “five years”, the expression “three years” shall be substituted;

(ii) after clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

(aa) Every person holding the office of member of any board constituted under this Act on the date of commencement of the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment) Act, 2022, who has completed a term of three years on that date shall cease to hold office forthwith and who completes a term of office of three years after that date shall cease to hold office on such completion;

(8) after sub-section (11), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(12) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, where the bye-laws of a registered society so provide, the general body of such society may, with the approval of the Registrar, entrust the management of the affairs of the society for a period not exceeding three years at a time to an administrator who shall be a Government servant or an employee of the financing bank or an employee of anybody corporate owned or controlled by the Government. The administrator shall have power to exercise all or any of the functions of the board or of any officer of the society and to take such action as may be required in the interest of the society.”;

(9) for sub-section (13), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(13) The ordinary meetings of a board shall be held at least once in every three months for which a notice of not less than three clear days shall be given. The managing director, in consultation with the president or in his absence, the vice-president of such board, or where there is no managing director, the president shall convene the meeting of such board.”;

(10) in sub-section (14), —

(a) the expression “or the Chief Executive Officer” in two places where it occurs shall be omitted;

(b) the expression “or the Chairperson” in two places where it occurs shall be omitted;

(c) the expression “or the vice-chairperson” shall be omitted;

(11) in sub-section (15), the expressions, “or the chief executive officer” and “or the chairperson” shall be omitted;



(12) after sub-section (15), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(16) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the nominee of the Government or of the Registrar or of the prescribed authority, if he is a Government servant or the nominee of the financing bank to a board of a registered society or the nominee of the board of another registered society or other interests (such as the Tamil Nadu State Agricultural Marketing Board), or the *ex-officio* member of the board shall not be eligible to contest for any election in any registered society in his capacity as such member of that board.”.

10. In section 33-A of the principal Act,—

Amendment  
of section  
33-A.

(1) in sub-section (4), for the expression “five years”, the expression “three years” shall be substituted;

(2) in sub-section (4), after the proviso, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided further that, if the holder of the post of the Tamil Nadu State Co-operative Societies Election Commissioner on the date of commencement of the Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment) Act, 2022 has already completed three years of term, he shall cease to hold office on the said date;”.

11. In section 48 of the principal Act,—

Amendment  
of section 48.

(1) in sub-section (2), in clause (a), for the expression “within a period of fourteen days from the date on which such deduction is made”, the expression “within such time as may be prescribed” shall be substituted;

(2) in sub-section (8), for the expression “within a period of fourteen days on which such deduction is made”, the expression “within the prescribed time” shall be substituted.

12. In section 80 of the principal Act,—

Amendment  
of section 80.

(1) for sub-section (1), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) The Registrar shall audit or cause to be audited by a person authorised by him by general or special order in writing in this behalf, the accounts of every registered society once at least in every cooperative year. The Registrar shall communicate the result of the audit to the registered society concerned.

(1A) Where the audit referred to in sub-section (1) is caused to be made once in every cooperative year—

(i) the registered society shall prepare the financial statements and other details required for the completion of audit within three months from the close of its co-operative year or such further period or periods as the Registrar may permit provided that such extended period or periods shall not exceed six months in the aggregate; and

(ii) the audit shall be completed within a period of six months from the close of the co-operative year of the registered society concerned or such further period or periods as the Registrar may permit for reasons to be recorded in writing provided that such extended period or periods shall not exceed six months in the aggregate.”.

(2) in sub-section (3), for the expression, “The auditor of the Government or the auditing firms appointed”, the expression “The Registrar or the persons authorised by him” shall be substituted;

(3) in sub-section (4), for the expression “as the auditors of the Government or auditing firms appointed under sub-section (1)”, the expression “as the Registrar or the person authorised by him” shall be substituted;

(4) sub-section (9) shall be omitted.

13. Section 84-A of the principal Act shall be omitted.

Omission of section 84–A.

14. In section 88 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 88.

(1) for sub-section (1), the following sub -section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) The Registrar,—

(i) may, if he is of the opinion that the board of any registered society is not functioning properly or willfully disobeys or willfully fails to comply with any order or direction issued by the Registrar under this Act or the rules;

(ii) shall, where for two consecutive co-operative years—

(a) in the case of a financing bank, more than sixty per cent of the total dues of the financing bank from its members remain unpaid or the number of defaulting members of such financing bank exceeds sixty per cent of the total number of members indebted to such bank, and

(b) in the case of other registered societies, more than seventy per cent of the total dues to the registered society from its members remain unpaid or the number of defaulting members of such registered society exceeds seventy per cent of the total number of members indebted to such society, after giving the board of the registered society or the financing bank, as the case may be, an opportunity of making its representations,

by order in writing, supersede the board and appoint a Government servant or an employee of anybody corporate owned or controlled by the Government (hereinafter referred to as 'the special officer') to manage the affairs of the society for a specified period not exceeding one year:

Provided that an order under this sub-section shall be passed within a period of three months from the date of issue of notice of supersession or such further period or periods as the next higher authority may permit, but such extended period or periods shall not exceed six months in the aggregate:

Provided further that in computing the total dues remaining unpaid for the purpose of item (ii), any instalment or sum which is not recoverable by reason of any remission or suspension or order of stay passed by the appropriate authority due to adverse seasonal conditions or any other reason shall be excluded in respect of that instalment or sum:

Provided also that for the purpose of computing the number of defaulting members referred to in item (ii), any member who is not liable to pay any instalment or sum by reason of any remission or suspension or order of stay passed by the appropriate authority due to adverse seasonal conditions or any other reason shall be excluded in respect of that instalment or sum.

(1A) The period specified in the order referred to in sub-section (1) may, at the discretion of the Registrar, be extended, from time to time, provided that such order shall not remain in force for more than two years in the aggregate."

(2) in sub-section (2),—

(a) for the expression "an administrator", the expression "a special officer" shall be substituted;

(b) for the expression "administrator", the expression "special officer" shall be substituted;

(3) in sub-section (3), for the expression "administrator", the expression "special officer" shall be substituted;

(4) in sub-section (4), for the expression "administrator", the expression "special officer" shall be substituted;

(5) in sub-section (5), for the expression "administrator", the expression "special officer" shall be substituted;

(6) in sub-section (8), for the expression "administrator", the expression "special officer" shall be substituted;

15. In section 89 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of  
section 89.

(1) in the marginal heading, for the expression "administrator" the expression "special officer" shall be substituted;

(2) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) Where,—

(i) the term of office of the board of any registered society has expired and a new board cannot be constituted in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the rules and bye-laws; or

(ii) the new board constituted fails to enter, or is prevented from entering upon office on the expiration of the term of office of the earlier board; or

(iii) the existing board has tendered resignation en-bloc; or

(iv) (a) vacancies have arisen for any reason, or

(b) one or more members of the board have tendered resignation and the number of remaining members cannot form the quorum for the meeting of the board,

the Registrar may, of his own motion or on application of any member of the registered society, and in the case of a new board which has failed to enter, or prevented from entering, upon office, after giving the members of the said board an opportunity of making their representations, by order, appoint a Government servant or an employee of any body corporate owned or controlled by the Government (hereinafter referred to as the special officer) for a specified period not exceeding six months to manage the affairs of the registered society pending the constitution of a new board, or as the case may be, the entering upon office by the new board:

Provided that the period specified in such order may, for special reasons to be recorded in writing by the Registrar, be extended from time to time, but such period as extended, shall not exceed one year in the aggregate.”;

(3) in sub-section (2), for the expression “an administrator”, in two places where it occurs, the expression “a special officer” shall be substituted.

16. After section 89 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of new section 89-A.

**“89-A.Exclusion of time in certain cases.—** In computing the period referred to in sub-section (1A) of section 80, sub-section (4) of section 81, sub-section (4) of section 82, the second proviso to sub-section (1) of section 87, the first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 88 or sub-section (1) of section 89, any period or periods during which any proceeding was held up on account of any stay or injunction by an order of any court shall be excluded.”

17. In section 91 of the principal Act, in clause (iii), for the expression "one year" the expression "five years" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 91.

18. In section 161 of the principal Act,— Amendment of section 161.

(1) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted namely:—

"(1) Any officer of a registered society or an employee or paid servant or any member of such society, who uses or allows the use of the properties, other than funds of any society otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the rules or the bye-laws of the society, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both."

(2) in sub-section (2), for the expression "administrator", the expression "special officer" shall be substituted.

19. In section 165 of the principal Act,— Amendment of section 165.

(1) for the expression "an administrator", the expression "a special officer" shall be substituted;

(2) for the expression "administrator" in three places where it occurs, the expression "special officer" shall be substituted.

20. In section 169 of the principal Act, for the expression "sub-section (8) of section 33", the expression "clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 33 or sub-section (8) thereof" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 169.

21. In section 170 of the principal Act, in clause (a), for the expression "sub-section (1) of section 88", the expression "sub-section (1A) of section 88" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 170.

**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS**

Article 43-B and Part IX-B were inserted in the Constitution by the Constitution (Ninety-seventh Amendment) Act, 2011 and came into force on the 15 day of February 2012. The Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 (Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1983) was amended on the lines of the constitutional provisions as amended by the Constitution (Ninety-seventh Amendment) Act 2011 vide Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 2013. The Supreme Court in Union of India Vs. Rajendra N Shah and another [2021 (8) SCALE 332] has upheld the Gujarat High Court's decision in W.P.(PIL)No.166 of 2012, dated the 22nd April 2013, declaring the said Part IX-B as ultra vires of the Constitution of India, in so far as it concerns the Co-operative societies.

2. Several complaints have been received from the public and members of co-operative societies alleging financial irregularities and frauds in co-operative societies. A review of the functioning of co-operative societies has revealed large scale misappropriation of funds, issue of loans on fake jewels and issue of bogus loans of several crores of rupees, etc.

3. The Government, therefore, with a view to protect the interests of the Co-operative Societies, to streamline their administration, ensure proper governance and to increase the efficacy of the functioning of Co-operative Societies have decided to reduce the term of office of the Board of directors of the societies from five years to three years and to restore some of the provisions that existed in the said Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act, 1983 prior to the amendments made in consonance with the provisions in Part IX-B of the Constitution by undertaking legislation.

4. The Bill seeks to give effect to the above decision.

**I. PERIYASAMY,**  
*Minister for Co-operation.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

**K. SRINIVASAN,**  
*Secretary.*

Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 12 of 2022**

**A Bill further to amend the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Act, 1987.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2022.

Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 27th of November 2021.

2. In section 33 of the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Act, 1987 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in the proviso to sub-section (1), for the expression “ten years and six months”, the expression “eleven years and six months” shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 33.

3. (1) The Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Second Amendment Ordinance, 2021 is hereby repealed.

Repeal and saving.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the principal Act, as amended by this Act.

Tamil Nadu  
Act 27 of 1989.

Tamil Nadu  
Ordinance  
6 of 2021.

**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.**

Sub-section (1) of section 33 of the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Act, 1987 (Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 1989) empowers the Government to appoint a Special Officer to manage the affairs of a market committee pending constitution of a new market committee for a period not exceeding three years in the aggregate. By virtue of the said provision, the tenure of Special Officers who were appointed to manage the affairs of the market committees in the State were extended beyond the said three years period, by amending the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 33 of the said Act, from time to time. Lastly, their tenure were extended upto ten years and six months by Tamil Nadu Act 31 of 2021. The said period was due to expire on the 29th November 2021.

2. Out of the 26 market committees, members were nominated to 24 market committees except Tiruchirappalli and Cuddalore market committees. Of the said 24 market committees, the Chairman and Vice Chairman were elected in 23 market committees (except Theni market committee) and they assumed charge in the said 23 market committees.

3. Therefore, the tenure of Special Officers of 23 market committees (except Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni market committees) was extended from 30-11-2020 to the date prior to the assumption of charges of the respective market committees by the members. Further, the tenure of the Special Officers of Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni market committees was extended from 30-11-2020 to 29-11-2021.

4. In the mean time, on the 23rd July 2021, the members nominated to the said 24 market committees were withdrawn and Special Officers have been appointed for a period of one year to 23 market committees, except Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni market committees.

5. Inasmuch as the extended tenure of the Special Officers of the market committees of Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni was due to expire on 29-11-2021 and as some more time was required to nominate members to the said market committees, there was a compelling necessity to extend the tenure of the Special Officers of the said 3 market committees for a further period of one year beyond 29-11-2021 or till the reconstitution of the said market committees, whichever is earlier. The Government therefore, decided to amend the said Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 1989 suitably, for the above purpose.

6. To give effect to the above decision the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Second Amendment Ordinance, 2021 was promulgated by the Hon'ble Governor on the 27th November 2021 and the same was published in the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 27th November 2021.

7. The Bill seeks to replace the said Ordinance.

**M.R.K. PANNEERSELVAM**  
*Minister for Agriculture and  
Farmers Welfare.*



**STATEMENT UNDER RULE 168 OF THE TAMIL NADU LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY RULES EXPLAINING THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH NECESSITATED THE PROMULGATION OF THE TAMIL NADU AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE MARKETING (REGULATION) SECOND AMENDMENT ORDINANCE, 2021.**

Sub-section (1) of section 33 of the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Act, 1987 (Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 1989) empowers the Government to appoint a Special Officer to manage the affairs of a market committee pending constitution of a new market committee for a period not exceeding three years in the aggregate. By virtue of the said provision, the tenure of Special Officers who were appointed to manage the affairs of the market committees in the State was extended beyond the said three years period, by amending the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 33 of the said Act, from time to time. Lastly, their tenure were extended up to ten years and six months by Tamil Nadu Act 31 of 2021. The said period was due to expire on the 29th November 2021.

2. Out of the 26 market committees, members were nominated to 24 market committees except Tiruchirappalli and Cuddalore market committees. Of the said 24 Market committees, the Chairman and Vice Chairman were elected in 23 market committees (except Theni market committee) and they assumed charge in the said 23 market committees.

3. Therefore, the tenure of Special Officers of 23 market committees (except Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni market committees) was extended from 30-11-2020 to the date prior to the assumption of charges of the respective market committees by the members. Further, the tenure of the Special Officers of Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni market committees was extended from 30-11-2020 to 29.11.2021.

4. In the mean time, on the 23rd July 2021, the members nominated to the said 24 market committees were withdrawn and Special Officers have been appointed for a period of one year to 23 market committees, except Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni market committees.

5. Inasmuch as the extended tenure of the Special Officers of the market committees of Tiruchirappalli, Cuddalore and Theni was due to expire on 29.11.2021 and as some more time was required to nominate members to the said market committees, there was a compelling necessity to extend the tenure of the Special Officers of the said 3 market committees for a further period of one year beyond 29-11-2021 or till the reconstitution of the said market committees, whichever is earlier. The Government, therefore, decided to amend the said Tamil Nadu Act 27 of 1989 suitably, for the above purpose.

6. As the Legislative Assembly was not in session at that time, it became necessary to promulgate an Ordinance to give effect to the above decision. Accordingly, the Tamil Nadu Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Second Amendment Ordinance, 2021 (Tamil Nadu Ordinance 6 of 2021) was promulgated by the Hon'ble Governor on the 27th November 2021 and the same was published in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette*, Extraordinary dated the 27th November 2021.

**M.R.K. PANNEERSELVAM**

*Minister for Agriculture and  
Farmers Welfare.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

K. SRINIVASAN,  
*Secretary.*



Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 13 of 2022**

**A Bill further to amend the Tamil Nadu National Law University Act, 2012.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu National Law University (Amendment) Act, 2022. Short title and commencement

(2) It shall come into force at once.

Tamil Nadu Act 9 of 2012.

2. In section 28 of the Tamil Nadu National Law University Act, 2012, under the heading "*Class-I - Ex-officio Members*", after clause (e), the following clause shall be added, namely:- Amendment of Section 28.

“(f) The Director, Tamil Nadu State Judicial Academy, Chennai.”.

**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS**

Based on the suggestion of the Hon'ble Chief Justice of High Court of Madras / Chancellor, the Tamil Nadu National Law University, the Executive Council of the University in its 39th meeting held on 14.08.2021 has resolved to make the Director of the Tamil Nadu State Judicial Academy as an **ex-officio** member of the Academic Council of that University. The Registrar of the said University has requested the Government to make necessary amendment to the Tamil Nadu National Law University Act, 2012 (Tamil Nadu Act 9 of 2012) to give effect to the said resolution.

2. The Government, after careful consideration, have decided to accept the aforesaid proposal and to amend the said Tamil Nadu Act 9 of 2012 for the purpose.

3. This Bill seeks to give effect to the above decision.

**S. REGUPATHY,**  
*Minister for Law.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

K. SRINIVASAN,  
*Secretary.*

Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 14 of 2022**

**A Bill to provide for entrustment of additional functions to the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission as respects certain posts in State owned Public Sector Undertakings, State Corporations, statutory Boards and Authorities.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission (Additional Functions) Act, 2022. Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,— Definitions.

(a) “Commission” means the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission;

(b) “Government” means the State Government;

(c) “organisation” means a State owned Public Sector Undertaking, State Corporation, or a statutory Board or Authority under the control of the Government;

(d) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(e) “reserve list” means a list which is prepared so as to contain not less than twenty five percent of the candidates of each reservation group including general category in the selection list;

(f) “State” means the State of Tamil Nadu.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in any State law for the time being in force, any organisation may request the Commission, in such form as may be prescribed, to recruit candidates for appointment to posts in that organisation: Request for recruitment.

Tamil Nadu Act  
14 of 2016.

Provided that no such request shall be made in respect of the post of Driver and the posts classified as Group D in the Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions of Service) Act, 2016.

Tamil Nadu Act 14  
of 2016.

4. (1) The Commission shall consolidate requisitions received under section 3 from time to time, conduct recruitments twice in a year, select the candidates and prepare a selection list as well as a reserve list, for each post by following the principles of reservation of appointments specified in section 27 of Tamil Nadu Government Servants (Conditions of Service) Act, 2016 and forward the selection lists to the organisations concerned: Recruitment by Commission.

Provided that the Commission may conduct recruitment at any time, on requisition under special circumstances from any organisation.

(2) The reserve list shall be in force for a period of one year from the date of forwarding the selection list or until a selection list is drawn subsequently, whichever is earlier.

Appointment of candidates.

5. (1) On receipt of the selection list, the organisation shall issue appointment orders to the selected candidates.

(2) If any selected candidate fails to join duty in the organisation within a period of three months from the date of receipt of the appointment order, he shall forfeit his right for appointment:

Provided that the organisation may, in special circumstances, provide further period not exceeding three months to join duty.

(3) On the failure of the candidate to join duty within the said period, the organisation may request the Commission to send a candidate from the reserve list for appointment.

Power to remove difficulties.

6. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, by order, published in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette*, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as appear to them to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.

Power to make rules.

7. (1) The Government may make rules to carry out the provisions of this Act.

(2) (a) All rules made under this Act shall be published in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette* and unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.

(b) All notifications issued under this Act shall, unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, come into force on the day on which they are so published.

(3) Every rule made or notification or order issued under this Act shall, as soon as possible, after it is made or issued, be placed on the table of the Legislative Assembly, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, the Assembly makes any modification in any such rule or notification or order, or the Assembly decides that the rule or notification or order should not be made or issued, the rule or notification or order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or notification or order.

**STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS**

Recruitment to posts in the State owned Public Sector Undertakings, State Corporations and Statutory Boards and Authorities under the control of the State Government through Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission would bring in uniformity in the process of selection of candidates and also enable the youth in the rural and remote parts of the State to apply for such posts. By vesting such recruitment with the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission, professionalism in recruitment for the vacancies arising in the State owned Public Sector Undertakings, State Corporations and Statutory Boards and Authorities could be maintained and it would also relieve such organizations from the cumbersome works relating to recruitments allowing more time to concentrate on their core work.

2. The Government have, therefore, decided to entrust the Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission with additional function as respects recruitment to the services of the State owned Public Sector Undertakings, State Corporations and Statutory Boards and Authorities under the control of the State Government by undertaking legislation, as contemplated in Article 321 of the Constitution of India.

3. The Bill seeks to give effect to the above decision.

**Dr. PALANIVEL THIYAGA RAJAN,**  
*Minister for Finance and  
Human Resources Management.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

K. SRINIVASAN,  
*Secretary.*





Under Rule 130 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly Rules, the following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu on 7th January, 2022 is published together with Statement of Objects and Reasons for general information:—

**L.A. Bill No. 15 of 2022**

**A Bill to provide for the appropriation of certain further moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of the State for the services and purposes of the financial year which commenced on the 1st day of April 2021.**

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-Second Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Appropriation Act, 2022.

Short title.

2. The State Government may appropriate out of the Consolidated Fund of the State for the services and purposes of the financial year which commenced on the 1st day of April 2021, a further sum not exceeding Three Thousand Seven Hundred Nineteen Crores Sixty-Four Lakhs Ninety-Two Thousand rupees, being moneys required to meet-

Supplementary appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of the State for the services and purposes of the financial year which commenced on the 1st day of April 2021.

- (a) the supplementary grants made by the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly for that year, as set forth in column (3) of the Schedule; and
- (b) the supplementary expenditure *charged* on the Consolidated Fund of the State for that year, as set forth in column (4) of the Schedule.

**THE SCHEDULE.**

(See section 2).

Demand Number	Services and Purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by the Legislative Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		₹	₹	₹
001 STATE LEGISLATURE	Revenue	1,000	...	1,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
003 ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE	Revenue	14,000	3,000	17,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
004 ADI-DRAVIDAR AND TRIBAL WELFARE DEPARTMENT	Revenue	6,000	...	6,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
005 AGRICULTURE AND FARMER'S WELFARE DEPARTMENT	Revenue	23,000	...	23,000
	Capital	3,000	...	3,000
	Loan	...	...	...
006 ANIMAL HUSBANDRY (Animal Husbandry, Dairying, Fisheries and Fishermen Welfare Department)	Revenue	19,000	...	19,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
007 FISHERIES AND FISHERMEN WELFARE (Animal Husbandry, Dairying, Fisheries and Fishermen Welfare Department)	Revenue	23,000	...	23,000
	Capital	3,000	...	3,000
	Loan	...	...	...

Demand Number	Services and Purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by the Legislative Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		₹	₹	₹
009 BACKWARD CLASSES, MOST BACKWARD CLASSES AND MINORITIES WELFARE DEPARTMENT	Revenue	11,000	33,68,000	33,79,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
010 COMMERCIAL TAXES (Commercial Taxes and Registration Department)	Revenue	7,000	...	7,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
011 STAMPS AND REGISTRATION (Commercial Taxes and Registration Department)	Revenue	3,000	...	3,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
012 CO-OPERATION (Co-operation, Food and Consumer Protection Department)	Revenue	6,000	...	6,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
013 FOOD AND CONSUMER PROTECTION (Co-operation, Food and Consumer Protection Department)	Revenue	1,020,25,42,000	...	1,020,25,42,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
014 ENERGY DEPARTMENT	Revenue	1,000	...	1,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
015 ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE (Environment, Climate Change and Forests Department)	Revenue	...	...	...
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	1,10,63,000	...	1,10,63,000
016 FINANCE DEPARTMENT	Revenue	6,000	...	6,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
017 HANDLOOMS AND TEXTILES (Handlooms, Handicrafts, Textiles and Khadi Department)	Revenue	6,000	...	6,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	1,000	...	1,000
018 KHADI, VILLAGE INDUSTRIES AND HANDICRAFTS (Handlooms, Handicrafts, Textiles and Khadi Department)	Revenue	12,000	...	12,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
019 HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT	Revenue	697,26,96,000	2,000	697,26,98,000
	Capital	2,000	1,000	3,000
	Loan	...	...	...
020 HIGHER EDUCATION DEPARTMENT	Revenue	74,28,10,000	...	74,28,10,000
	Capital	3,000	...	3,000
	Loan	...	...	...
021 HIGHWAYS AND MINOR PORTS DEPARTMENT	Revenue	...	...	...
	Capital	11,000	...	11,000
	Loan	...	...	...
022 POLICE (Home, Prohibition and Excise Department)	Revenue	54,000	...	54,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
023 FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES (Home, Prohibition and Excise Department)	Revenue	2,000	...	2,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...

Demand Number	Services and Purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by the Legislative Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		₹	₹	₹
024 PRISONS AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES (Home, Prohibition and Excise Department)	Revenue	4,000	...	4,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
025 MOTOR VEHICLES ACTS-ADMINISTRATION (Home, Prohibition and Excise Department)	Revenue	1,000	...	1,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
026 HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	138,15,08,000	...	138,15,08,000
	Capital	1,00,00,01,000	...	1,00,00,01,000
	Loan	1,000	...	1,000
027 INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT	Revenue	4,000	...	4,000
	Capital	1,00,00,000	...	1,00,00,000
	Loan	191,84,91,000	...	191,84,91,000
028 INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY (Tamil Development and Information Department)	Revenue	12,000	...	12,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
029 TOURISM - ART AND CULTURE (Tourism, Culture and Religious Endowments Department)	Revenue	21,000	...	21,000
	Capital	2,000	...	2,000
	Loan	...	...	...
030 STATIONERY AND PRINTING (Tamil Development and Information Department)	Revenue	1,000	...	1,000
	Capital	34,34,000	...	34,34,000
	Loan	...	...	...
031 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT	Revenue	8,00,05,000	...	8,00,05,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
032 LABOUR WELFARE AND SKILL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	13,000	...	13,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
033 LAW DEPARTMENT	Revenue	5,000	...	5,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
034 MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION AND WATER SUPPLY DEPARTMENT	Revenue	7,000	...	7,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
035 HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	10,000	...	10,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
037 PROHIBITION AND EXCISE (Home, Prohibition and Excise Department)	Revenue	1,000	...	1,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
038 PUBLIC DEPARTMENT	Revenue	7,14,65,000	...	7,14,65,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	10,29,13,000	...	10,29,13,000
039 BUILDINGS (Public Works Department)	Revenue	...	...	...
	Capital	11,000	...	11,000
	Loan	...	...	...

Demand Number	Services and Purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by the Legislative Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		₹	₹	₹
040 WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT	Revenue	8,000	...	8,000
	Capital	14,000	...	14,000
	Loan	...	...	...
041 REVENUE AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	21,000	...	21,000
	Capital	34,50,59,000	11,13,43,000	45,64,02,000
	Loan	...	...	...
042 RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND PANCHAYAT RAJ DEPARTMENT	Revenue	13,000	...	13,000
	Capital	3,000	...	3,000
	Loan	...	...	...
043 SCHOOL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT	Revenue	11,000	...	11,000
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	...	...	...
044 MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEPARTMENT	Revenue	8,000	...	8,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
045 SOCIAL WELFARE AND WOMEN EMPOWERMENT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	4,90,31,000	...	4,90,31,000
	Capital	2,000	...	2,000
	Loan	...	...	...
046 TAMIL DEVELOPMENT (Tamil Development and Information Department)	Revenue	10,000	...	10,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
047 HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (Tourism, Culture and Religious Endowments Department)	Revenue	8,000	1,000	9,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
048 TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	...	...	...
	Capital	1,000	...	1,000
	Loan	97,74,72,000	...	97,74,72,000
049 YOUTH WELFARE AND SPORTS DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT	Revenue	5,000	...	5,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
050 PENSION AND OTHER RETIREMENT BENEFITS	Revenue	1,000	...	1,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
051 RELIEF ON ACCOUNT OF NATURAL CALAMITIES	Revenue	421,28,52,000	...	421,28,52,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
052 DEPARTMENT FOR THE WELFARE OF DIFFERENTLY ABLED PERSONS	Revenue	5,000	...	5,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...
054 FORESTS (Environment, Climate Change and Forests Department)	Revenue	3,000	...	3,000
	Capital	...	...	...
	Loan	...	...	...

Demand Number	Services and Purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by the Legislative Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State	Total
(1)	(2)	(3) ₹	(4) ₹	(5) ₹
	Revenue	2,371,32,75,000	33,74,000	2,371,66,49,000
	Capital	1,035,85,58,000	11,13,44,000	1,046,99,02,000
	Loan	300,99,41,000	...	300,99,41,000
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>3,708,17,74,000</b>	<b>11,47,18,000</b>	<b>3,719,64,92,000</b>

### STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of Article 205, read with clause (1) of Article 204, of the Constitution, to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of the State, of the moneys required to meet--

- (a) the supplementary grants made by the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly for the financial year which commenced on the 1st day of April 2021; and
- (b) the supplementary expenditure charged on the said Fund of the State for that year.

**Dr. PALANIVEL THIYAGA RAJAN,**  
*Minister for Finance and  
Human Resources Management.*

Secretariat,  
Chennai-600 009,  
7th January 2022.

K. SRINIVASAN,  
*Secretary.*